

FRENCH DEFEATED
TEUTONS IN ITALYCAPTURED 1,348 PRISONERS
AND SEVERAL LARGE GUNS

They Also Seized 60 Machine Guns and Large Quantity of War Material. Defensive Has Been Turned Into an Offensive

Italian Headquarters in Northern Italy, Monday, Dec. 31 (by Associated Press).—The magnitude of the achievement of the French troops in the Monte Tomba region grows as the full details are received. Besides 1,348 prisoners and several large guns, the booty includes 60 machine guns and a great amount of miscellaneous war material.

By far the chief significance of the stroke is a change from defensive to offensive tactics and the stirring enthusiasm and sureness with which the French delivered the attack. The French have turned the scales now, and the enemy is being attacked in this sector for the first time since he reached the Piave.

Paris, Monday, Dec. 31.—The war office statement to-night reports lively artillery actions in Champagne and on the right bank of the Meuse and the repulse of enemy raiding parties on advanced posts south of Dixmude. The statement tells of British artillery fire and the bombing of the railway station at Merzels by French aviators in the east.

ALLIES DOMINATE ON WEST.

Hold the Important Positions, Declares Secretary Baker.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 1.—What the beginning of the new year finds at the battle front is outlined by Secretary Baker in his weekly review of military operations issued last night by the war department. In the west, he says, the British dominate the Flanders plain with a great wedge into the principal German lines of defense at Cambrai, while the French with their own lines unbroken hold the key to the Laon area through the capture of Chemin des Dames.

Italy, supported by the allies, is holding firm, while the enemy after battering in vain for six weeks against the defenders, is busy preparing for a renewed offensive.

Of Russia, the review merely says the Germans are endeavoring to persuade that country that they are eager to assist in restoring normal conditions and that the German embassy building at Petrograd is being made ready for occupancy.

While the operation of American troops at the front has been confined to narrow limits, the secretary says their presence has heartened the allies and increased faith in final victory.

PLENTY OF RIFLES

Will Be Provided for U. S. Soldiers By Feb. 1.

Washington, Jan. 1.—Complete supplies of rifles within a month for all American forces under arms were promised yesterday by Major General Crozier, chief of ordnance, testifying before the Senate military committee. Springfield for every regular and national guardsmen will be ready before Feb. 1, he said, and the manufacture of remodeled Enfields for the first national army will be finished in a week.

As to machine guns, the general said, a full supply of American made should be ready by July 1, next. Rifles for the next draft, he declared, would be on hand before the men were in camp.

PLEA FOR ECONOMY.

Issued by the Federal Reserve Board to the Nation.

Washington, Jan. 1.—A New Year's plea for war time economy to assist the United States in financing itself and the allies was issued last night by the federal reserve board to promote thrift campaigns in their communities.

"Let the public realize," says the statement, "that it is more respectable in war times as in times of peace to be seen in old clothes than in new ones."

"The banks are urged to teach in their districts the meaning and the necessity of saving and its relation to the successful financing of the war—to tell the city merchant and the country storekeeper that this is not the time to buy and stock up especially with luxuries."

"Let the people everywhere be encouraged to consume fewer things and let those be the simple and substantial things that are necessary to health and strength."

"Let the banks tell the people of their communities and the authorities, the mayors and governors, that this is not the time for cities to be spending money on public works; rather should they be considering the suspension of existing work with the view of releasing men and material for the use of the government and so as not to compete with the government for the savings of the people, thereby weakening the ability of the government to place its loans."

The annual sleigh ride of the Epworth league of the Hedding Methodist church was held last evening, when about 29 members of the league left in one of the large barges, with Bancroft's inn at Plainfield as their destination. Arriving at the inn, they had a chicken-pie supper, and the members of the league did full justice to the hospitality of their host. After the supper an informal program of musical selections and the playing of various games provided a very enjoyable evening's entertainment. The return to the city was made at a late hour.

SERIOUSLY INJURED.

When Water Front on Kitchen Range Blew Out.

White River Junction, Jan. 1.—A frozen hot water front in the kitchen range at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred A. Carr on Maple street was the cause of a serious accident yesterday morning. Mr. Carr built a hot fire in the range early in the morning not knowing that the water heating equipment was frozen.

While Mr. and Mrs. Carr were at breakfast with the table drawn directly in front of the stove the hot water front blew up, the flying debris tearing the flesh on one of Mrs. Carr's arms from the shoulder to the elbow. Many small pieces of iron were embedded in the flesh of her arm and side. The force of the explosion completely demolished the stove besides tearing a large hole through the kitchen wall.

Mrs. Carr was taken to the Mary Hitchcock hospital at Hanover, N. H., where it was thought that her arm could be saved, but there is grave danger from infection from the small bits of iron and steel. The muscles and flesh were torn completely away from the bone.

Mr. Carr, who is the local manager for the New England Telephone and Telegraph company, was uninjured, except for a bruise on the knee. Immediate help prevented a fire from the hot coals which were thrown about the room.

25,000 TONS OF COAL.

Are to Be Sent Into New England at Once.

Washington, Jan. 1.—Immediate steps to relieve the New England coal shortage were planned late yesterday at a conference in the office of the director-general of railroads. Rail shipments will be expedited and five ships of 25,000 tons aggregate capacity will be sent at once from Hampton Roads with coal for New England ports.

Three of the steamers are Belgian relief vessels which will be delivered temporarily from their trade for the emergency. Other special shipments from Hampton Roads will be arranged as quickly as possible.

In addition to turning over a part of the Boston navy yard's store of steam coal to the fuel administration and ordering the use of idle naval tugs and colliers to carry coal from Hampton Roads to New England, the director-general instructed yard commanders to distribute to the poor scraps of timber and other waste wood which accumulates at the plants and usually is sold to the highest bidder.

IS A DISEASE OF CONTACT.

Infantile Paralysis Not Spread By Animals, Insects and Fowls.

That infantile paralysis is known to be one of contact is a statement made by the December bulletin of the Vermont state board of health in a summary of the outbreak of the disease in the state last summer. "Animals, insects and fowls do not distribute it," continues the statement.

"Human beings do. The virus is contained in the secretions of the nose and throat of not only the sick, but others, who have been in contact with the disease. There are undoubtedly healthy carriers, who are active distributors of this virus. It is such that give rise to many of the mysterious cases, which cannot be traced to any cause. Dr. Edward Taylor has demonstrated this at our research laboratory and he has also thrown important light on the susceptibility of different persons to the virus. In these respects, Dr. Taylor has succeeded in making most valuable contributions to our knowledge of this subtle infection. The degree of susceptibility of children and adults, however, is lower than in many of the communicable diseases. The fact, however, does not in the least detract from the importance and necessity of keeping children at home, isolating the sick and the known carriers, wherever the disease occurs. It is a contagious disease. The more we know about it, the more certain this becomes."

"Not only has our laboratory thrown important light on these matters, but we have been enabled, through the generosity of one of Woodstock's summer residents, to use the immune human serum in the treatment of these cases, usually with the most gratifying results."

"The people of Vermont generally, and especially the medical profession, should not forget that the most approved method of treating the case paralyzed by this disease is available through the use of those in limited circumstances. Dr. Robert W. Lovett of Boston has held clinics at all the important centers of the disease in the state each year since 1914. As a result of these clinics, Dr. Lovett and Dr. Martin of Boston devised a method of muscle testing, for measuring varying degrees of muscle weakness. By this method, muscles and groups are tested and weak muscles and the degree of weakness quite accurately determined. Many cases have thus been detected in the paralytic stage, which had entirely escaped notice. Miss Helen King, who has had much experience in Dr. Lovett's clinics, is permanently employed to look up these cases in the state and assist in the after-care of all who have seen Dr. Lovett. Miss Selfridge, also trained by Dr. Lovett, is working in Montpelier, Barre and the surrounding towns, devoting all her time to the new cases. Dr. C. E. Dalton of Burlington, secretary of the state board of health, will always respond to any inquiry regarding this work."

Train service did not improve with the weather to-day and the bad shattering which schedules received when the mercury was sunk without trace a few days ago was still in evidence. The northbound mail train, due to reach Barre at 4 a. m., whizzed into the local yard at 10:43 this forenoon. With it was the connection with the southbound local train, already more than an hour overdue. A water famine in the locomotive delayed the northbound near Bethel for some time, and as for trains north of Montpelier Junction, delays will probably continue during the day, for the locomotive crews are said to be under orders to proceed slowly as a precautionary measure against spreading rails.

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On the other hand, a number of drafted young men who started out with a realization of the prime necessity of the soldier are not only wearing the chevrons now but have been appointed to officers' training schools. Obeyance for the American soldier, and intelligence in that obedience, means advancement. It is honor, and not degradation. — Boston Transcript.

CIVILIANS CAN
DO THEIR PART

Premier Lloyd George Tells Them Their Road of Duty Is Clear

HE URGES THEM
TO FOLLOW IT

They Should Practice Economy and Should Lend to Their Governments

London, Jan. 1.—Premier Lloyd George in a New Year message to the nation appeals to all at home to do their utmost for the cause for which the democracies of the world are leagued together, especially by practicing economy and saving money, to lend to the government. The message concludes:

"To every civilian I would say that your firing line is at the works or office in which you do your bit. The road of duty and patriotism is clear before you. Follow it and it will lead ere long to safety for our own people and victory for our cause."

CALLED FIREMEN
TO WATER ENGINE

Central Vermont Train Crew Experienced Considerable Difficulty at Bethel This Morning—Montpelier & Wells River Engine Blew Out a Cylinder Head.

Added to the trouble of late trains from connecting lines and the intense cold weather of Monday, the Montpelier & Wells River railroad had the experience of blowing out a cylinder head on the mail train engine at Boltonville while on its way to Montpelier in the afternoon. Another engine was sent to pull the train to Montpelier, arriving a little after 9 o'clock.

The northbound night train on the Central Vermont railway, due in Montpelier at 10:45, did not arrive until 11:45 a. m. today, due to the late connections and trouble at Bethel, where the train stood for almost two hours in an effort to get water. This they finally obtained, but the fire department was called out and the water fed into the tank from one of its hydrants, the railroad water tank having frozen up, according to passengers coming here.

MANY MEN FAILED
TO ANSWER BOARD

Their Names Have Been Handed to the Sheriff of Washington County for Action.

From the office of the local exemption board this morning there were turned over to the sheriff of the county the names of persons who have not responded to the call of the board to return their questionnaires. About five of those to whom notices were sent out last week appeared Monday, all having excuses why they did not return their blanks, but the best one came from South Barre, where the man had called for his mail each day and the letter had been returned to the local board with the report that the party was unknown.

Today's list of names is as follows: Luigi Senese, 12 Sixth street, Barre; Joseph Peter Vega, Waterbury; Ernest Phillip Hill, 29 First street, Montpelier; Nicholas Jancurek, Websterville; George Howe, Fayston; Giovanni Battista Serafini, Buzzell hotel, Barre; Pablo Gueto, Grantville; Marcus Julius Munroe, E. Barre; Edward James Latuch, Waterbury; Henry Oneison Galsie, 65 Elm street, Montpelier; Tony Campagna, Websterville; Harry John Leonard, 380 No. Main street, Barre; Louis Bartlett Provost, 98 Barre street, Montpelier; Crisanto Aja, Websterville; Arthur James Mack, 8 Mechanic street, Montpelier; Gerald Lawrence Rice, Roxbury; Alfred John Walker, West Berlin.

Raymond E. Poulsen, 9 Addison pl., Barre; Benjamin Cuez, Websterville; Edward William Barrett, 65 Hill st., Montpelier; Frank Morrell, Montpelier; Orin Philip Lambert, Northfield Falls; Gen. Harold Caparola, Northfield; Francis T. Chalmers, Websterville; Glenn Earl Hagggett, Montpelier; Louis Senese, Waitsfield; Forrest Bassett, Trow hill, Barre; William Patrick O'Neil, Waterbury; Fred Herbert, 84 Elmwood ave., Barre; Arthur Axel Blad, 106 Summer st., Barre; Michael Brown, Northfield; John Amey, Websterville; Walter M. Gaylord, Peterboro, N. H.; Frederick Joseph Noel, 37 Park st., Barre; John William Ring, Waterbury; Jose Pouton, 136 Barre st., Montpelier; John Miles Tower, Montpelier; Manuel Cano, A. Tomasi block, Barre; Harry Arthur Bean, Middlesex; Robert Perry, Northfield.

Albert Willis Bowman, Northfield; Renigio Torre, Graniteville; Battista Morosini, Woodbury; Maxime Saurin, East Barre; Emil Anderson, 142 Elm street, Barre; Walter Stiles Gove, 58 State street, Montpelier.

Learning to Be Soldiers.

Little by little the soldiers at Ayer who had not already mastered the lesson are learning that implicit obedience is the first condition of the soldier's life. Some are learning it who have not yet become soldiers at all—among them the conscientious objector who said he would rather go to prison than be a soldier, and who gets his with a 20-year sentence to prison at hard labor.

Others who are not so strenuous in their pacifism as that, but who do not yet appreciate the necessity of returning to camp promptly on the expiration of their leave, are also learning the lesson that there will be no more leave for them for a very long time.

On the other hand, a number of drafted young men who started out with a realization of the prime necessity of the soldier are not only wearing the chevrons now but have been appointed to officers' training schools. Obeyance for the American soldier, and intelligence in that obedience, means advancement. It is honor, and not degradation. — Boston Transcript.

FINE POULTRY
BEING SHOWN

12th Annual Exhibition by Vermont Poultry Assn. Opens in Barre

600 SPECIMENS
NOW ON DISPLAY

The Old Pavilion Theatre on Pearl Street Scene of Activity

Six hundred birds, many of them crowing a lusty salute to the New Year, while others chanted a deum to their escape from the rigors of Arctic weather on the day before the show, were in the corners at the Pavilion theatre in Pearl street to-day, when the 12th annual exhibition of the Vermont Poultry association opened. The gallant 600 are birds that have weathered the coldest December in years, birds whose fine qualities have spared them the humiliation of the axe, and while the first-day registration is not so large as in some former years, it exceeds the expectation of the show committee. Moreover, more birds are here than were registered at the opening of last year's show, and by night it is expected that 200 late comers will be cooped under the roof of the old vaudeville house.

Judging began late this forenoon and will continue until tomorrow. The show will not end until Thursday night, and in the interim the public will have an opportunity to inspect one of the finest exhibitions of blooded birds ever shown in Vermont. George P. Coffin of Freeport, Me., whose work as a judge is well known to local poultry fanciers, arrived in the city last night, and he is to be joined shortly by his colleague on the poultry bench, Judge C. A. Ballou of Worcester, Mass. Judge Coffin is to give a free lecture on poultry in the court room at city hall Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Despite the drawbacks attending the exhibition of poultry this year, the local committee has made an auspicious start and there is nothing to indicate that the show will not measure up to the standard of former years. Vermont, New Hampshire and New York are among the states represented in the exhibitions and birds of almost every breed are displayed. It is true that many poultry growers, discouraged by the rising cost of grain, have killed or disposed of their birds, but the abnormal condition has tended to weed out many undesirable first, and it is probably true that the present collection of birds, on the whole, is one of the finest ever brought together since the state association began its yearly exhibitions 12 years ago.

Hotel Barre is being used as a headquarters for visiting poultrymen and reservations have been made there for the judges. Entries for the show closed Dec. 27, and only the birds that were on the floor to-day were qualified. Much interest centers around the \$500 cup offered by the association, to be competed for three years, to the breeder winning the largest number of points in any one variety. The cup, which is to be held by the association until it is won, went to W. B. Scott of Barre last year. The Barre Board of Trade offers a silver cup for the best cock, hen, pullet, cockerel and pen of any one variety.

The executive committee in charge of the exhibition consists of W. A. Moir, jr., W. A. Drew, C. A. Dodge, John Gellatly, John Kennedy, R. S. Currier, E. M. Lyon and Harry Burnett. William Oliver is superintendent of the hall and his assistant is Edwin Keast. The secretary is Charles Olliver.

NEW YEAR'S IN BARRE.

Was Sobered by the Thoughts of the Boys Over There.

Vacant chairs at the table and thoughts that would not down of loved ones "over there," where fathers, brothers and sons are offering their all, were earmarks of the first war-time New Year's in Barre. All combined to make the holiday a quiet one. Streets deserted and amusement places much the same have shown plainly that the shadow of war has fallen athwart many homes. The departed year has seen the very shadow of Barre's young manhood going forth to sacrifice life itself, if need be, for the integrity of the nation. Two companies are only a part of this city's contribution, for many of its sons are in the navy, the regular army, the marine corps, or other branches of the service and with the allied armies overseas.

Much as was Christmas, it was essentially a home holiday here. There were numerous family gatherings, and here and there a sprinkling of khaki in the home circle was all too significant of what is going on. A year ago the United States was straining every nerve to maintain a dignified neutrality, and while the lengthening shadows of the great struggle were extending ever nearer, no one believed that we would be so earnestly committed to the downfall of autocracy by another New Year's.

ENROLLED 2,021.

Bringing Barre's Red Cross Membership Nearly to 3,000.

Net proceeds of the recent Red Cross membership campaign in Barre amounted to \$2,167.65, according to figures given to-day by V. E. Ayers, chairman of the local committee. The total number of members enrolled was 2,021 and the amount received in cash was \$2,172.75. Local expenses, which included printing, postage, paper, etc., aggregated \$57.70. The rising 2,000 members enrolled in a week of intensive campaigning immediately preceding Christmas and the membership obtained in the campaign conducted last May brings Barre's total nearly up to 3,000.

IMMEDIATELY ADJOURNED.

Vermont Supreme Court Was Opened in Hollow Fashion To-day.

Vermont supreme court convened at 10 o'clock to-day in Montpelier, only the clerk and the sheriff being present. Adjournment was at once taken to Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock, because to-day was a holiday.

RECORD SHIPMENT
OF ROUGH GRANITE

Year 1917 Established High Mark, According to the Figures Now Available.

The year 1917 established a record of shipments of rough granite from Millstone hill, according to figures available in the office of the Barre & Chelsea railroad, where a careful account is kept of the tonnage which annually comes down the air line for distribution among the cutting plants of Barre district and for shipment to every state in the union. Labor and car shortages, weather extremes and freight embargoes have militated heavily against the quarrying and cutting industry, and yet the figures show an encouraging increase. Over against these numerous drawbacks, it will be noted in the table below that the actual gain is rather large.

Because of timidity previous to the prolonged suspension in the spring of 1915, when employers and labor were getting together on a new agreement, dealers stocked heavily in 1914, making the shipments for that year 248,718 tons. The 10 weeks' suspension in 1915 brought the figures down to 215,476 tons, but in 1916 the tonnage returned to 248,213 tons, or considerably above the average prior to 1914. This year the total rise to 256,353 tons, allowing 17,700 tons for December, which is regarded as a conservative estimate, although the returns for the month have not been tabulated. Conditions unparalleled in the history of the industry prevailed in January and February, when abnormal weather conditions proved disastrous to quarries, the latter month being the lowest winter month in four years. Then came the freight embargo and at the year's end quarries endured the most rigorous winter weather in years. The table follows:

	1916, Tons.	1917, Tons.
January	19,313	18,721
February	18,151	17,235
March	24,847	22,410
April	24,599	22,055
May	21,010	23,115
June	21,755	24,231
July	19,760	24,623
August	21,585	23,400
September	19,745	20,935
October	20,960	20,974
November	17,859	20,950
December	17,696	17,700
*Estimated.		

CHECKER TITLE
STILL IN DOUBT

Although David Stephen of Barre Defeated W. M. Milo of Montpelier in State Championship Tournament—L. A. Eggleston of Rutland Still in the Running.

Another step in the matter of deciding the state checker championship was taken yesterday, when David Stephen of Barre defeated W. M. Milo of Montpelier. A peculiar situation now arises as to the designation of the state trophy, and before the award is finally made whether two games won by Mr. Stephen from a player whose early retirement from the tourney prevented him from competing in the final round will be thrown out. Just now Mr. Stephen, with 65 points, is in the lead, and Mr. Eggleston, with 55, is the runner-up. The latter, when he left Barre, had a match to play with W. C. Hoag of Burlington, and the result of the encounter has not been learned.

Should the governing board disallow four points won by Mr. Stephen and a clean victory for Mr. Eggleston over Mr. Hoag should result from their meeting, the two contenders would exchange places. In the event of a win and a draw for Mr. Eggleston under the same conditions, the Barre and Rutland men would be tied. The decision, which rests wholly with the governing board, will be known within a few days.

COMPLETED NOTE AUTHORIZATION

Barre City Council Held a Special Meeting To-day.

Issuance of a new note to take care of the \$25,000 for which the city voted to bond in financing water extensions and improving fire protection, was completed yesterday by council at special meeting this morning, the first of the new year. The resolution authorizing the issuance of a note to be taken by the Farmers' Loan & Trust Co., dated Jan. 2 and due April 2, was read for the second time and adopted unanimously. A few moments later a warrant for \$25,000, and another for \$375, due the trust company for discounting the old note, were approved.

With the brief session under way, Mayor Glysson took occasion to thank his colleagues for their co-operation during the year. The matter of preparing annual reports was discussed, and the printing committee was directed to procure prices for the city report. Work on the reports will be gotten under way early this year, to eliminate the 11th hour rush noticeable when reports are delayed until the end of January.

Estimates for current expenses to be incurred in the period intervening between New Year's and the day after election in March were given in a resolution appropriating money for departmental purposes. The resolution passed to a second reading Saturday night and was adopted to-day. The sums appropriated are as follows:

Permanent streets, \$100; streets, \$1,500; lighting streets, \$2,000; street sprinkling, \$150; sewers, \$200; bridges and culverts, \$800; surface water, \$2,000; salaries, \$1,500; miscellaneous, \$500; city buildings, \$1,000; fire, \$2,000; poor, \$3,500; health, \$500; births and deaths, \$150; police, \$1,500; insurance, \$100; printing and stationery, \$500; city records, \$50; interest, \$2,500; notes and bonds, \$25,000; dog license and damages, \$100; elections, \$350; diving license, \$125; assessing taxes, \$100; Helen Wood fund, \$20.20.

CERTAIN BRANCHES CLOSED.

For Recruiting, According to Word to Gov. Graham.

Gov. H. F. Graham this morning received a telegram from the war department that certain of the branches in which induction into the federal service is permitted through recruiting in the local exemption boards have been stopped. This pertains to aviation, ordnance and other branches of which a more complete list will be given later.

226 BARRE MEN
ARE IN SERVICE

Most of Them Are Serving Under the Stars and Stripes

OTHER NAMES
PROBABLY BLADED

Relatives or Friends Are Requested to Supply Omissions

Reports at hand which are necessarily incomplete show that 226 Barre men (City and Town) are engaged in the service of the United States or our allies in the present war. The list as published below is compiled largely from the names and addresses presented to George M. Marston, tobaccoist, who generously made donations of smoker's materials to all the enlisted men from Barre. Some new names have been added since that list was completed.

It is not thought that the list contains all the names of Barre men in the war by any means, and it is expected that relatives or friends of soldiers not listed herewith will report at once to this office, so that a fairly complete record can be prepared. As many as a score of Barre men have already fallen in the war, having been under service of the British government.

The list of men now in service, as at present constituted, is as follows:

Howard H. Alexander, U. S. S. Vermont, B2 Div., 4th Sec.
George M. Alexander, Allentown, Penn.
William M. Alexander, U. S. S. Des Moines.
Russell B. Allen, U. S. Navy Headquarters, Paris, France.
Herbert Amey, 101st Reg. Engineers, Co. C, Am. Ex. F.
John Amey, Co. D, 49th Infantry, Camp Merritt, Tananarive, N. J.
Ernest E. Anderson, 29th Engineers, Co. A, Am. Ex. F.
Guy C. D. Andrews, Medical Dept., 1st Reg. Engineers, Am. Ex. F.
Capt. C. N. Barber, 1st Vermont Infantry, Camp Greene, Charlotte.
Justin M. Barber, Hospital Corps, 103d Infantry, 26th Div., Am. Ex. F.
L. Baker, 74829d Canadian Contingent, Grenade Sec., France.
Robert D. Baker, 101st Machine Gun Co., Am. Ex. F.
Musician Joseph E. Bardosi, 1st Vt. Reg. Band, Camp Greene.
Musician Orteni Bardosi, 1st Vt. Reg. Band, Camp Greene.
George D. Bartlett, Co. A, 101st Machine Gun Battalion, Am. Ex. F.
Serg. James Beattie, Co. C, 9th King's Liverpool Reg., British Ex.
William Beattie, U. S. Radio School, Cambridge, Mass.
Clarence E. Bell, 332d Reg. Infantry, Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, O.
Frederico Beltrami, 7th Co., 26th Div. Ammunition Train.
H. P. Bemis, 313th Infantry, Co. H, Camp Meade, Md.
Marcel Bernasconi, M. G. Co., 23d Infantry, Am. Ex. F.
Mario Bianchi, 101st Machine Battalion, 26th Div., Am. Ex. F.
Victor Bianchi, U. S. S. Nevada.
George Birnie, 13th Battalion, 176th Tunnelling Co., R. E. France.
Ernest Bisson, U. S. S. Wisconsin.
Andrew J. Blackmore, Torpedo Station, Newport, R. I.
Edwin C. Blonin, Co. A, 2d New Hampshire Depot Brigade, Westfield, Mass.
Arthur B. Burt, 101st Ammunition Train, Am. Ex. F.
George R. Booth, Headquarters Co., 101st Ammunition Train, 26th Div., Am. Ex. F.
James Booth, Cook Officers' Mess, B Co., 1st Quebec Reg., Montreal.
William T. Boyce, 504th Eng. Battalion, Co. B, Tananarive, N. J.
John Boyce, 101st Machine Gun Battalion, 26th Div., Am. Ex. F.
Arthur J. Broderick, U. S. S. New York.
Serg. A. M. Brown, Ord. Dept., Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass.
Corp. James A. Brown, A Co., 101st Machine Gun Battalion, Am. Ex. F.
C. D. Bruce, Naval Powder Depot, Dover, N. J.
Joseph Bussiere, Co. A, 101st Machine Gun Battalion, Am. Ex. F.
W. W. Calder, Co. E, 56th Infantry, Chattanooga, Tenn.
Henry Carroll, Co. A, 101st Machine Gun Battalion, 26th Div., Am. Ex. F.
Thomas Carroll, Aviation Section, Signal Corps, San Antonio, Texas.
William A. Carroll, 6th Co., 101st Ammunition Train, Am. Ex. F.
William Carson, U. S. S. Baltimore.
Serg. F. R. Cerasoli, 6th Co., 101st Ammunition Train, 26th Div., Am. Ex. F.
Edward C. Charles, 101st Ammunition Train, 6th Co., Am. Ex. F.
Harold Cheever, 101st Machine Gun Battalion, Co. A, Am. Ex. F.
Ira Cheever, Co. A, 101st Machine Gun Battalion, Am. Ex. F.
Frank J. Clark, 101st Machine Gun Battalion, 26th Div., Am. Ex. F.
Dr. J. H. Clark, 12th Battery, 6th Section, 27th Brig., R. F. A., 5th Div., R. E. F., London.
W. E. Clark, Battalion A, 363d H. F. A., Camp Devens.
Lon Cook, Co. B, 103d U. S. Infantry, 26th Div., Am. Ex. F.
Robt. Corbitt, Camp Devens, Mass.
Leo F. Crowley, Co. A, 101st Machine Gun Battalion, Am. Ex. F.
Richard E. Cruickshank, Headquarters Co., 1st Vt.
Robert Cruickshank, 401st Battalion, Tel. Brigade, Camp Devens, Mass.
Lance Corp. David Cummings, 3d Army Troop, Coy. Canadian Eng., B. E. F.
Sergt. Clarence A. Curtis, 1st Vt. Infantry, Camp Greene, Charlotte, N. C.
M. H. Davis, U. S. S. Vestal.
Gunner Arthur Deans, 125193d, D Battery, Art. Camp Whitely, Surrey, Eng.
Lieut. Geo. B. DeMerrill, Washington, D. C.
Serg. L. A. Denmore, Headquarters Co., 1st Vt. Infantry, Camp Greene.
James Devers, Co. B, 103d U. S. Infantry, Am. Ex. F.
J. E. Dimesen, U. S. S. America.
Joseph Dombrowski, Co. S. S. Oklahoma Corp.
Corp. Cecil J. Dowers, A Co., 101st Machine Gun Battalion, Am. Ex. F.

(Continued on second page)